# Village of Morrow 2022 Drinking Water Consumer Confidence Report

PWSD No. OH8300912

The Village of Morrow has prepared the following report to provide information to you, the consumer, on the quality of our drinking water. Included in this report are general health information, water quality test results, and instructions on how to participate in decisions concerning your drinking water and water system contacts. Public participation and comments are encouraged at regular meetings of Morrow Village Council, which meets on the second Tuesday of the month at 6:00 pm at the Morrow Municipal Building located at 150 East Pike Street, Morrow, Ohio 45152. For more information on your drinking water, please contact the Morrow Public Works Department, Division of Water, at 513.899.2821.

The Village of Morrow draws water from the buried sand and gravel aquifers with three (3) wells located at 210 Penders Avenue adjacent to the Little Miami Scenic Trail. The Village of Morrow also has a back up/emergency connection to Western Water Company. During the year 2022 the Village used 144,000 gallons of water from Western Water Company. On average there is no use from Western Water Company.

In 2022 the Village of Morrow had an unconditioned license to operate our water system. The aquifer that supplies drinking water to the Village of Morrow has a high susceptibility to contamination, due to the sensitive nature of the aquifer in which the drinking water well is located, and the existing potential contaminant sources identified below:

- Depth to water in the aquifer is less than 25 feet from ground to surface;
- Approximately 25 feet of sand and clay exists between the ground surface and the aquifer, providing limited protection from contaminants infiltrating from the ground surface to the aquifer; and
- Potential significant contaminant sources exist within the protection areas

This does not mean that this well field will become contaminated; only that conditions are such that the ground water could be impacted by potential contaminant sources. More information is available by calling the Morrow Public Works Department at 513.899.2821 or the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency Division of Drinking and Ground Waters at 614.644.2752. The sources of drinking water, both tap water and bottled water includes rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Definitions of terms contained within this report:

- "pC:/L" means picocurie per liter
- " "\*" means regulated contaminants
- "ppb" means parts per billion
- "Action Level" means level at which point action is needed
- Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water, below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety
- Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCGLs as possible using the best available treatment technology.
- Parts per Million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) are units of measure for concentration of a contaminant. A part per million corresponds to one second in a little over 11.5 days.
- The "<" symbol means less than. A result of <5 mg/l means that the lowest level that could be detected was 5 mg/l and the contaminant was not detected.
- New Disinfection

The EPA requires regular sampling to ensure drinking water safety. Morrow Water Department has conducted regular sampling as required by EPA and the results are listed below. The test results were received during January-December 2022, unless otherwise noted.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include: (A) Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations and wildlife; (B) Inorganic contaminants such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming; (C) Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources, such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses; (D) Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems; (E) radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

Contaminants		MCLG	MCL	Level Found	Range of Detections	Violation	Sample Year	Source of Substance
Nitrate / Nitrite	*	10 mg/L	10.0 mg/L	.19mg/L	N/A	No	2022	Run off from fertilizer use, Leaching from septic tanks.
Total Coliform		0	0	0	N/A	No	2022	Precursor for bacteria growth
Cyanide		0	,2 mg/L	0	N/A	No	2022	
Fluoride		4.0mg/L	4.0 mg/L	0	N/A	No	2022	
Arsenic		0	.010 mg/L	0	N/A	No	2022	Erosion of natural deposits; Runoff from orchards, glass and electronics wastes.
TTHM	#	N/A	80 ppb	Na	15.2 - 19.1 ug/L	No	2022	By-product from chlorine disinfection
HAA <sup>5</sup>	*	N/A	60 ppb	Na	17.5 - 29.7ug/L	No	2021	By-product from chlorine disinfection
VOC, s Bromoform Chloroform Bromodichlorometh Dibromochlorometh				.61 ug/L .59 ug/L 1.7 ug/L 1.8 ug/L	NA NA NA NA	No No No No	2022 2022 2022 2022 2022	By-product from chlorine disinfection
Lead	*	0	AL=15 ug/l	2.0 ug/l 90th percentile	NA	No	2022	Corrosion of household plumbing. Erosion of natural deposits
Соррег	*	1.3	AL=1.3 mg/l	.101mg/L 90th percentile	NA	No	2022	Erosion of natural deposits
Chlorine	*	4 mg/l	4 mg/l	NA	.09 – 1.2 mg/l	No	2022	Water additive used to control microbes
Gross Alpha		0	15 pCi/L	.568pCì/L	N/A	No	2022	Erosion of natural deposits
VOC,s				NA	.59 – 1.8 ug/L	No	2022	
Asbestos			7 million fibers/ MFL	<0.2 MFL	NA	No	2022	
Radium			5 pCi/L	.85 pCi/L	NA	No	2022	
Barium			2mg/L	.13 mg/L	NA.	N0	2022	Discharge of drilling waste, metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits.

All water samples for total coliform were negative in 2022. During the month of September 2022, the Village of Morrow did not complete all required sampling for total coliform and has implemented an additional sample per month to ensure complete sampling required.

To view Western Water Company water quality report, go to https://western-h2o.com/water-quality-report/

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate the water poses a health risk. Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer, undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infection. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1.800.426.4791). More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1.800.426.4791).

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water, which must provide the same protection for public health.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The Village of Morrow is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (1-800-426-4791)

This Water Quality Report will be available electronically at: <a href="http://www.vil.morrow.oh.us">http://www.vil.morrow.oh.us</a>. Beginning with the 2014 Water Quality Reports, all reports will only be available online. If you would like a copy of the Annual Quality Report mailed to you, please call 513.899.2821.



Mike DeWine, Governor Jon Husted, Lt. Governor Laurie A. Stevenson, Director

November 2, 2022

## **NOTICE OF VIOLATION – ACTION REQUIRED**

Carol Whitacre Village of Morrow 150 East Pike Street Morrow, Ohio 45152

Re: Morrow Village

NOV

**Drinking Water Program** 

Warren County OH8300912

Subject: Failure to Sample Drinking Water for Total Coliforms as Required

Dear Ms. Whitacre:

The MORROW VILLAGE is in violation of Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) Rule 3745-81-51 for failure to comply with total coliform monitoring requirements.

Monitoring Period:

September 2022

Required Coliform Monitoring:

3 routine per month

Sample Results Submitted:

2 routine samples

To ensure the safety of drinking water provided by your system, monitoring for total coliforms is essential.

#### **ACTION REQUIRED:**

- 1. Notify the people served by this water system. As soon as possible, but no later than one year after learning of this violation, issue the enclosed public notice in accordance with OAC Rule 3745-81-32 using the following method(s) to reach all persons served.
  - Mail or other direct delivery to each customer; or
  - Annual Consumer Confidence Report provided it's distributed within one year after learning of the violation; and
  - If necessary to reach all persons regularly served, use other notification methods also, such as newspaper publication, public posting, or Internet posting.

Carol Whitacre Morrow Village November 2, 2022 Page 2 of 2

**NOTE:** Posted notices must remain in place for as long as the violation persists, but in no case for less than seven (7) days, even if the violation is resolved. The language in italics on the enclosed public notice is mandatory and must be included, as written. Do not make changes to the public notice without consulting the Ohio EPA beforehand.

2. In accordance with OAC Rule 3745-81-32(A)(3), complete the enclosed verification form within 10 days of issuing the Public Notice and mail it to Ohio EPA – SWDO, Division of Drinking and Ground Waters, 401 East Fifth Street, Dayton, OH 45402. Include a copy of each notice distributed, published or posted. Alternatively, Ohio EPA prefers you email a copy of the distributed, published or posted Public Notice and the completed Verification Form to my email address listed below.

If total coliform samples were collected as required, submit the results as soon as possible. The monitoring violation would be rescinded and a reporting violation given for late submittal of the results.

Failure to comply with Chapter 6109 of the Ohio Revised Code and rules promulgated thereunder may result in a civil or administrative penalty. Please note that the submission of any requested information to respond to this letter does not constitute waiver of the Ohio EPA's authority to seek civil penalties as provided in Section 6109.33 of the Ohio Revised Code or administrative penalties as provided in Section 6109.23 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Ensure confidence of the quality of your water and save money by sampling on time. It costs an average of \$25 for each total coliform sample and \$20 for each nitrate sample. Failing to sample for total coliform or nitrate will cost you \$150 or more in penalties for each monitoring violation. Save a Dime. Sample on Time!

If you have any questions, please contact me at this office at (937) 285-6117 or email me at John.McDaniel@epa.ohio.gov

Sincerely,

John McDaniel

Environmental Specialist III

John McDaniel

Division of Drinking and Ground Waters

Enclosures Tier 3 Public Notification

Public Notice Instructions and Verification Form

ec: Angela Tipton, Operator (w/ enclosures)

Phillip Kaufman, Operator (w/enclosures)

Warren County Health Department

JM/cf

#### **DRINKING WATER NOTICE**

# Monitoring requirements were not met for MORROW VILLAGE

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not your drinking water meets health standards. During September 2022, we "did not monitor or test" or "did not complete all monitoring or testing" for total coliform bacteria, and therefore, cannot be sure of the quality of your drinking water during that time.

#### What should I do?

- There is nothing you need to do at this time. You do not need to boil your water or take other corrective actions.
- This notice is to inform you that MORROW VILLAGE did not complete all monitoring and reporting for the presence of total coliform bacteria in the public drinking water system during the September 2022 time period, as required by the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency.

### What is being done?

Upon being notified of this violation, the water supply was required to have the drinking water analyzed for the above mentioned parameters. The water supplier will take steps to ensure that adequate monitoring will be performed in the future.

For m	ore information	on, please coi	ntact <u>Phil</u>	Phil KAUFMANC		at 513-1620-3398		
			name	e of contact		phone number		
or at _	150 E,		<del></del>	1445152	•			
		mailing	address '					

Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.

PWSID#: OH8300912

Date distributed: <u>6-27-2</u>823

Violation ID: 5972414

Tier 3: Routine Monitoring Community (Type 3A)